

Professional Ski Instructors of America

Telemark Certification Standards

Level I, Level II, Level III

Updated: October 2022



This PDF is interactive! Use the navigation to move between pages or return to the Table of Contents.

Table of Contents

Introduction	3
PSIA Telemark Certification Standards	3
Assessment Activities and Assessment Criteria	4
The Language of Learning Outcomes and Assessment	5
Professionalism and Self-Management	6
Level I	6
Level II	7
Level III	7
People Skills	8
Level I	9
Level II	10
Level III	11
Teaching Skills	12
Level I	13
Level II	14
Level III	15
Technical Skills	16
Level I	17
Level II	18
Level III	19

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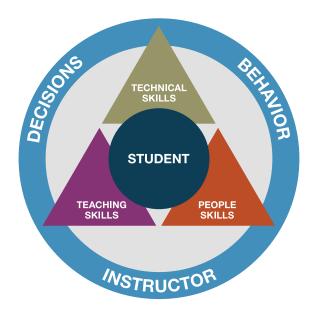
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Introduction

PSIA Telemark Certification Standards

American ski instruction demands versatility. PSIA-AASI members teach guests in a wide variety of skiing environments – from groomed trails to off-piste terrain and from hard snow to powder to manmade terrain park features. The types of lessons offered can be similarly diverse, including recreational frontside skiing, racing, big-mountain skiing, and freestyle, to name a few. The objective of these *PSIA Telemark Certification Standards* is to identify the fundamentals of great skiing, effective teaching, and connecting with students – and to define the assessment criteria within PSIA-AASI's certification process.



To this end, the Learning ConnectionSM Model provides the framework for a balance of crucial people skills, teaching skills, and technical skills; highlighting fundamentals that apply to a variety of technical and tactical decisions based on student ability, motivation, personality, and more. Instructor decisions and behaviors, referenced in the outer blue ring, relate to overall professionalism and self-management.

As outlined in PSIA's *Telemark Technical Manual*, the American Teaching System[™] specifies three skier zones: Beginner/Novice, Intermediate, and Advanced. The *PSIA Telemark Certification Standards* align the skier zones with assessment parameters for three levels of instructor certification.

- Beginner/Novice-Zone Guests PSIA-Certified Level I Instructor
- Beginner- to Intermediate-Zone Guests PSIA-Certified Level II Instructor
- Beginner- to Advanced-Zone Guests PSIA-Certified Level III Instructor

Level I certification is meant to affirm that the instructor is qualified to teach beginner/novice guests, primarily on beginner/novice terrain (typically identified as "green"). Level II certification generally means that the instructor is qualified to teach through the intermediate zone, in which students are primarily on intermediate (blue) and some green terrain. Level III certification generally means that the instructor is qualified to teach ALL students and on expert (black) terrain.

These PSIA Telemark Certification Standards provide the assessment criteria for professionalism and self-management, and the people skills, teaching skills, and technical skiing skills necessary for an instructor to successfully complete a specific certification. For example, Level I instructors are assessed on their development of these skillsets, and as they progress in their professional development they enhance and expand skillsets to teach a wider range of students - in more variable conditions and terrain. This sets the stage to seek higher levels of certification. PSIA-AASI offers many resources to aid instructors' professional development with regard to fundamentals of people, teaching, and technical skills. At a minimum, this PSIA Telemark Certification Standards document complements and should be consulted in combination with the following publications:

- Telemark Technical Manual: Explores content related to performing and evaluating the technical skills of telemark skiing.
- Teaching Snowsports Manual: Explores content related to people skills and teaching skills.
- PSIA-AASI Performance Guides: Presents the performance indicators for assessing all skill categories within the Learning Connection Model - providing the detail instructors need to perform the assessment activities.

Assessment Activities and Assessment Criteria

Evaluating a certification candidate's skills requires well-defined, measurable assessment criteria - as presented in PSIA-AASI's Performance Guides. When performing skiing assessment activities, the duration, intensity, rate, and timing of movements (DIRT) will vary, based on the conditions and skillsets being assessed. Assessment activities are performed at the speeds and degree of accuracy outlined in the assessment criteria.

Assessing people skills and teaching skills requires an evaluation environment that simulates a ski lesson. Teaching situations and scenarios are relevant to guest skier zone, with assessment based on the level of certification sought. They need to allow enough time and/or frequency for demonstration of all assessment criteria. Those that take place on snow should be on terrain that's suitable for the related skier zone - beginner/novice, intermediate, or advanced. People skills are primarily assessed during teaching sessions by evaluating the instructor's ability to build and maintain the trust that fosters continued learning at the required level. Professionalism and self-management are continually assessed throughout the certification process.

Throughout the process, divisions will use a variety of assessment activities - based on terrain and prevailing conditions - to evaluate instructor competency as outlined in these PSIA Telemark Certification Standards. Not all assessment activities need to take place on snow.

These PSIA Telemark Certification Standards describe how the fundamentals of people skills, teaching skills, and technical skills are assessed at each level of certification. Effective use of the national standards, combined with a wide range of educational resources, creates an efficient environment for consistent evaluation.

TOC





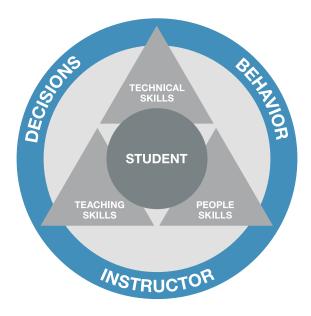
The Language of Learning Outcomes and Assessment

The *PSIA Telemark Certification Standards* rely upon the following Learning Outcome Framework to create a consistent language for assessment. The learning outcomes clearly state what the instructor can demonstrate upon successful completion of the certification assessment.

Learning Outcomes:	Learning outcomes represent what is to be achieved upon completion of each leve of certification. Learning outcomes do not vary between examiners or divisions.	
Learning Experiences:	These are the training experiences – or tasks – that lead to achievement of the learning outcome. NOTE: The learning experiences listed in this document are <i>recommendations</i> of what an instructor may do in order to gain the knowledge and understanding relative to the given subject area. These are <i>not</i> requirements; they are suggested approaches to aid individuals in their development as professional snowsports educators. For more details, refer to the associated <i>Performance Guide</i> .	
Assessment Activities:	Representing <i>how</i> a person is assessed, these are the activities a candidate performs to demonstrate that learning has occurred. (These have historically been described as tasks or maneuvers.) NOTE: The assessment activities listed in this document are <i>recommendations</i> of what an examiner may use to assess the knowledge and understanding relative to the given subject area. The examiner is free to use variations and alternatives. Those listed provide an idea of how an assessment can be conducted. For more details, refer to the associated <i>Performance Guide</i> or divisional exam guides.	
Assessment Criteria:	Representing the "level of standard," assessment criteria outline performance details that specify to what level the learning outcomes have been met. This does not vary between examiners or divisions.	
Assessment 6-point Scale:	 Throughout the PSIA-AASI professional development and certification system, all assessment criteria are measured by means of the following 6-point assessment scale. 1. Essential elements are not observed or not present. 2. Essential elements are beginning to appear. 3. Essential elements appear, but not with consistency. 4. Essential elements appear regularly at a satisfactory level. 5. Essential elements appear frequently, above the required level. 6. Essential elements appear continuously, at a superior level. 	

Professionalism and Self-Management

Professionalism and self-management are key instructor attributes that apply to every facet of the Learning Connection's people skills, teaching skills, and technical skills. The decisions and behavior that guide the individual's professional conduct are the result of self-management. PSIA-AASI evaluates self-management in all assessments to ensure that the foundation of professionalism is promoted and verified.



Level I – Professionalism and Self-Management

Overview of Professionalism and Self-Management at Level I Proficiency

Level I instructors conduct themselves in a professional manner by being aware of how their decisions and behaviors affect the overall learning environment. Throughout the assessment process, they are respectful of the people around them and participate positively in the group.

	Professionalism and Self-Management		
Learning Outcomes Maintains a professional environment by demonstrating self-awareness and self-management.			
Learning Experiences	Uses self-awareness, self-management, and reflection to interact professionally with other group members, resort employees, and resort guests. Information on self-awareness, self-management, and reflection processes can be gathered through manuals, e-learning courses, videos, seminars, presentations, and on-snow training. Every day at the resort is an opportunity to practice the skills of professionalism and self-management.		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include actively participating in the assessment from the beginning of the day at check-in to the end of the day when results are announced. Interactions with examiners, other candidates, resort employees, and resort guests are all taken into consideration, as are follow-up questions or interviews with examiners after observed interactions with others.		
Assessment Criteria	Consistently demonstrates their ability to: • Address group and individual safety and physiological needs. • Exhibit positive behavior in response to feedback.		

Level II – Professionalism and Self-Management

Overview of Professionalism and Self-Management at Level II Proficiency

Level II instructors actively contribute to a professional environment by being aware of how their decisions and behaviors affect individuals and the group as a whole. Throughout the assessment process, they manage how their responses to others benefit group interaction.

Upon successful completion of the assessment, a Level II instructor...

	Professionalism and Self-Management		
Learning Outcomes Contributes to a professional environment by managing their behaviors and emotions in response to others.			
Learning Experiences	Uses self-awareness, self-management, and reflection to interact professionally with other group members, resort employees, and resort guests. Information on self-awareness, self-management, and reflection processes can be gathered through manuals, e-learning courses, videos, seminars, presentations, and on-snow training. Every day at the resort is an opportunity to practice the skills of professionalism and self-management.		
Assessment Activities Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include actively participating in the assessment from the beginning of the day at check-in to the end of the day when results are announced. Interactions with examiners, other candidates, resort employees, and resort guests are all taken into consideration, as are follow questions or interviews with examiners after observed interactions with others.			
Assessment Criteria	Consistently demonstrates their ability to: • Address group and individual needs for belonging. • Manage behavioral responses.		

Level III – Professionalism and Self-Management

Overview of Professionalism and Self-Management at Level III Proficiency

Level III instructors actively promote a professional environment by being aware of and adapting how their decisions and behaviors affect individuals and the group as a whole. Throughout the assessment process, they demonstrate self-awareness by modifying their behaviors to benefit group dynamics.

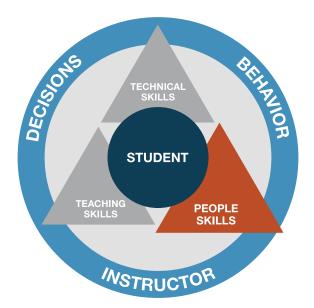
	Professionalism and Self-Management		
Learning Outcomes			
Learning Experiences	Uses self-awareness, self-management, and reflection to interact professionally with other group members, resort employees, and resort guests. Information on self-awareness, self-management, and reflection processes can be gathered through manuals, e-learning courses, videos, seminars, presentations, and on-snow training. Every day at the resort is an opportunity to practice the skills of professionalism and self-management.		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include actively participating in the assessment from the beginning of the day at check-in to the end of the day when results are announced. Interactions with examiners, other candidates, resort employees, and resort guests are all taken into consideration, as are follow-up questions or interviews with examiners after observed interactions with others.		
Assessment Criteria	Consistently demonstrates their ability to: • Address group and individual needs for esteem. • Adapt behaviors for positive group and individual interactions.		

People Skills

People skills are about communicating in effective ways to develop trust and achieve favorable relationships. Building rapport with students depends on instructors' self-awareness and their abilities to identify and adapt to the guests' needs, motivations, and emotions. For students to feel confident taking risks and being open to new learning, instructors must first establish trust among the group.

Fundamentals

- Develop relationships based on trust.
- Engage in meaningful two-way communication.
- Identify, understand, and manage your emotions and actions.
- Recognize and influence the behaviors, motivations, and emotions of others.



Level I – People Skills

Overview of People Skills at Level I Proficiency

Level I instructors exhibit a basic understanding of the people-skill fundamentals, using them to develop trust within the learning environment. They show awareness of the likely needs and emotions of people new to snowsports and communicate clearly to the group, showing respect, patience, and professionalism while providing objective feedback. Level I instructors demonstrate self-awareness by reflecting on their own emotional tendencies and adapting to feedback from others.

	Communication	Relationships with Others	
Learning Outcomes Engages in meaningful verbal and non-verbal communication with the group as a whole.		Identifies likely motivations and emotions of individuals and understands group dynamics.	
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, individual teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: Recognizing verbal and non-verbal communication with trainers, peers, and mentors. Understanding professionalism, behavioral responses to emotions, and the roles of instructor self-awareness and self-management in the snowsports learning environment. Identifying active listening strategies, motivation tactics, emotional needs of the group, and the role of social awareness in group dynamics. 		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include teaching another group member or members of the group, and an individual or group interview with examiner(s) that includes follow-up questions and feedback.		
Assessment Criteria	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Use verbal and non-verbal communication in a professional manner. Ask questions to learn about others. Deliver feedback that acknowledges the emotions of the group. 	Consistently demonstrates their ability to: • Initiate group interaction to build group dynamics. • Identify the motivations and emotions of students.	

Level II – People Skills

Overview of People Skills at Level II Proficiency

Level II instructors exhibit a more refined understanding of the people-skill fundamentals, using them to develop trust with all individuals. They demonstrate awareness of the goals, motivations, and emotional needs of each student in the group and use active listening and verbal and non-verbal communication strategies to build connections. Level II instructors demonstrate awareness of their own tendencies and develop strategies to address them.

	Communication	Relationships with Others	
Learning Outcomes	Engages in and adapts verbal and non-verbal, two-way communication with individuals and subsets of the group.	Adapts to the motivations and emotions of individuals – and to the interpersonal dynamics within the group – to promote trust.	
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, individual teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: Using effective verbal and non-verbal communication to promote group dynamics, provide behavior-based feedback, and demonstrate active listening. Observing and managing instructor self-awareness and self-management in the snowsports learning environment in general and, specifically, for the learner through personal reflection of emotions and behavioral responses to emotions. Recognizing individual motivations and emotions, interpersonal challenges, and the role of social awareness in interpersonal and group dynamics among the group members. 		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include teaching another group member or members of the group, and an individual or group interview with examiner(s) that includes follow-up questions and feedback.		
Assessment Criteria	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Adapt verbal and non-verbal communication based on observations of individuals and the group. Use varied, active-listening tactics to learn about others. Deliver feedback that adjusts for the emotions of subsets within the group. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Foster interpersonal relationships to support positive group dynamics. Adapt to the motivations and emotions of individuals and subsets of the group. 	

Level III – People Skills

Overview of People Skills at Level III Proficiency

Level III instructors exhibit a refined understanding of the people-skill fundamentals, using them to develop trust with and between all students through the entire lesson. They actively support the emotional needs of individuals while managing and influencing group dynamics to maintain and promote trust. Instructors at this level anticipate challenges and adapt their own style of interaction to achieve favorable outcomes and tailor experiences to individuals. Level III instructors demonstrate growth in self-awareness and can identify their own emotional intelligence and behavioral management.

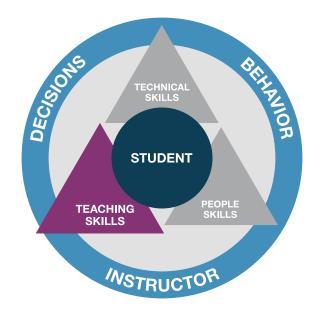
	Communication	Relationships with Others	
Learning Outcomes Engages in and adapts verbal and non-verbal, two-way		Manages the unique motivations and emotions of each individual and the interpersonal dynamics of a group to develop trust.	
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, individual teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: Promoting active listening, seeking and providing feedback, and adapting verbal and non-verbal communication accordingly. Predicting emotional triggers and reactions, adapting behavioral responses, and having insight into the roles of instructor self-awareness and self-management in the snowsports learning environment for the learner in general, and, specifically, for themselves. Anticipating and proactively intervening in challenges, demonstrating adaptation through situational awareness, managing motivations of all, and promoting group cohesion. Leveraging social awareness to enhance interpersonal dynamics, esteem, and positive group dynamics. 		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which can vary depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include teaching another group member or members of the group, and an individual or group interview with examiner(s) that includes follow-up questions and feedback.		
Assessment Criteria	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Customize verbal and non-verbal communication to match or influence individuals. Use varied, active-listening tactics to personalize the experience. Deliver feedback that supports the emotions of the individuals in the group. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Manage the group dynamic to positively influence individual experiences. Support and manage the motivations and emotions of all. 	

Teaching Skills

With trust established using people skills, teaching skills *strengthen* the connection between the instructor and student. Teaching skills create an engaging environment in which to foster student learning. To maximize learning, instructors plan, implement, and adapt the learning experience, and give students an opportunity to reflect on their experiences.

Fundamentals

- Collaborate on long-term goals and short-term objectives.
- Manage information, activities, terrain selection, and pacing.
- Promote play, experimentation, and exploration.
- Facilitate the learner's ability to reflect upon experiences and sensations.
- Adapt to the changing needs of the learner.
- Manage emotional and physical risk.



Level I – Teaching Skills

Overview of Teaching Skills at Level I Proficiency

Level I instructors apply the teaching-skill fundamentals, allowing them to plan and organize an engaging learning experience. They present a basic progression in the *beginner/novice zone*, using study, training, and teaching experiences. A Level I instructor makes minor adjustments to learning experiences based on students' needs, desires, and abilities. They facilitate learning by communicating changes in student performance relative to outcomes.

	Assess and Plan	Implement	Reflect/Review
Learning Outcomes	Plans learning outcomes and organizes progressive learning experiences relevant to beginner/novice students.	Facilitates learning experiences that guide students toward the agreed-upon outcome and engages them in the process.	Communicates performance changes that target the learning outcome to help students identify that a change has been made.
Learning Experiences	Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, The Matrix (i.e., PSIA-AASI video library and e-learning tools), reading, workbooks, home-area training programs, individual teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: • Planning learning outcomes in the beginner/novice zone. • Implementing learning experiences in the beginner/novice zone lesson environment. • Identifying and communicating performance changes.		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which vary between divisions and also between examiners, depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include an online exam, an individual or group interview with examiner(s), video analysis, and presentations (with discussion) on self-reflection to examiners, trainers, and peers. In a simulated or real lesson environment, assessment may entail the demonstrated ability to: • Plan effective learning experiences for students in the beginner/novice zone that work toward desired learning outcomes. • Teach effectively in the beginner/novice-zone lesson environment. • Identify and communicate performance changes.		
Assessment Criteria	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Assess students to identify student motivations, performance, and understanding. Collaborate with students to select a basic progression with clear direction and focus. Plan lessons that involve productive use of movement, practice time, and terrain. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Organize the learning environment to align with the initial assessment of the group. Give the group relevant information (basic descriptions, demonstrations, and feedback) that encourages learning. Manage physical and emotional risk to maintain engagement in the learning environment. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Pace a clear progression to allow students reflection time as they explore, experiment, and/or play toward desired outcomes. Communicate changes in performance. Relate changes in performance to lesson outcomes.

Level II – Teaching Skills

Overview of Teaching Skills at Level II Proficiency

Level II instructors demonstrate proficiency in the teaching-skill fundamentals, relying on experience gained while teaching and training. They facilitate learning by planning and adapting the lesson experience based on student needs, desires, and abilities in the *intermediate zone*. Level II instructors help students recognize and assess their changes in performance.

	Assess and Plan	Implement	Reflect/Review
Learning Outcomes	Plans learning outcomes and progressive learning experiences and adapts to the changing needs of intermediate students.	Facilitates learning experiences and adapts them as necessary to guide students toward agreed-upon outcomes and engage them in the process.	Helps students recognize, reflect upon, and assess experiences to apply understanding and performance changes to desired outcomes.
Learning Experiences	Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, The Matrix (i.e., PSIA-AASI video library and e-learning tools), reading, workbooks, home-area training programs, individual teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: • Planning intermediate-zone lessons, activities, and progressions. • Implementing and adapting learning experiences in the intermediate-zone lesson environment. • Helping students identify and understand performance changes in the intermediate zone.		
Assessment Activities	Performs assessment activities – which vary between divisions and also between examiners, depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include an online exam, an individual or group interview with examiner(s), video analysis, presentations (with discussion) on self-reflection to examiners and peers. In a simulated or real lesson environment, assessment may entail the demonstrated ability to: • Help students recognize, reflect upon, and assess their performance changes. • Organize creative, playful, and flowing learning experiences that work toward desired learning outcomes in the intermediate zone. • Implement and adapt learning experiences in the intermediate-zone lesson environment.		
Assessment Criteria	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Periodically reassess student motivations, current performance, and understanding. Collaborate with students to establish and adapt a lesson plan with clear direction and focus. Plan playful and/or exploratory lessons with productive use of movement, practice time, and terrain. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Adapt the learning environment to align with the needs of the group. Provide clear and relevant information (descriptions, demonstrations, and feedback) that encourages learning. Manage physical and emotional risk to promote engagement in the learning environment. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Pace learning activities to allow students reflection time as they explore, experiment, and/or play toward desired outcomes. Help students recognize and understand change in performance relative to outcomes. Help students apply gained skills to skiing situations.

Level III - Teaching Skills

Overview of Teaching Skills at Level III Proficiency

Level III instructors demonstrate mastery of the teaching fundamentals, based on experience gained while teaching and training. They plan, implement, and customize an engaging learning experience in the *advanced zone*. Level III instructors make proactive adjustments to learning experiences based on group and individual student needs, desires, and abilities. They foster learning by helping students interpret their changes in performance, develop new understanding, and apply what they've learned.

	Assess and Plan	Implement	Reflect/Review
Learning	Plans learning outcomes and creates individualized experiences around a common theme for advanced students.	Individualizes learning experiences to guide students toward agreed-upon outcomes and optimizes student engagement in the process.	Fosters the ability to recognize, reflect upon, and assess experiences to enhance under- standing and apply what was learned.
Learning	Benefits from learning experiences that can include e-learning, videos, seminars, presentations, The Matrix (i.e., PSIA-AASI video library and e-learning tools), reading, workbooks, home-area training programs, individual teaching sessions, small-group teaching sessions, guided debriefs of teaching sessions, and in-person training focused on: • Planning advanced group lessons in the training environment. • Implementing and adapting learning experiences in the advanced-zone lesson environment for individuals within a group. • Identifying and communicating performance changes to help the student develop new understanding and application of what they have learned.		
Assessment	 Performs assessment activities – which vary between divisions and also between examiners, depending on conditions and group experiences – that may include activities such as an online exam, individual or group interview with examiner(s), video analysis, presentation (with discussion) on self-reflection to examiners and peers. In a simulated or real lesson environment, assessment may entail the demonstrated ability to: Plan individualized, creative, playful, and flowing advanced-zone lesson experiences that work toward desired learning outcomes. Implement and adapt learning experiences in the advanced-zone lesson environment for individuals within a group. Help students recognize, reflect upon, and assess their performance changes to develop new understanding and application of what they have learned. 		
Assessment	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Continually assess student motivations, performance, and understanding. Collaborate with students to establish and adapt a lesson plan with a common theme, a clear direction, and individualized focus throughout the lesson. Plan creative, playful, and exploratory learning experiences in which movement, practice time, and terrain are optimized for individuals. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Tailor the learning environment to align with the needs of individuals. Provide clear and relevant information (descriptions, demonstrations, and feedback) that encourages individualized learning. Proactively manage physical and emotional risk to optimize engagement in the learning environment for individuals. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Customize and pace learning activities to allow students reflection time as they explore, experiment, and play toward desired outcomes. Encourage the students to communicate change in performance and/or understanding. Collaborate with students to apply gained skills to skiing situations.

Technical Skills

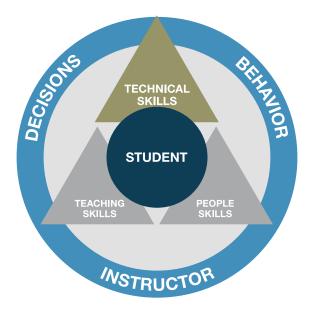
Technical skills bring teaching concepts to life with practical applications adapted to the student's ability level or desired outcome. These skills relate to the instructor's understanding of fundamental skiing mechanics and applying that understanding in lessons. Technical skills represent the ability to perform, understand, and explain the sport. In sharing technical skills, the instructor communicates certain discipline-specific aspects of movement and gives accurate demonstrations.

Professional Knowledge Fundamentals

- Convey and apply accurate technical information.
- Observe, evaluate, and prescribe (through movement analysis).

Telemark Skiing Fundamentals

- Control the size, intensity, and timing of the lead change.
- Control the fore/aft relationship of the center of mass to the base of support to manage pressure along the length of the skis.
- Control the lateral relationship of the center of mass to the base of support to manage pressure from ski to ski.
- Control the turning of the skis with rotation of the feet and legs in conjunction with discipline in the upper body.
- Control edge angles through a combination of inclination and angulation.
- Regulate the amount of pressure created through ski/snow interaction.



Level I – Technical Skills

Overview of Technical Skills at Level I Proficiency

Level I instructors ski competently in terrain suitable for skiers in the beginner/novice and intermediate zones. They adjust and adapt their skiing in beginner and easier groomed intermediate terrain in order to demonstrate technique and tactics to their students. Level I instructors use PSIA telemark resources to develop an understanding of the cause-and-effect relationships between body movements and ski performance. They explain interactions between body movements and ski performance in the beginner/novice zone to help students achieve a more effective performance.

	Skiing Performance	Technical Understanding	Movement Analysis
Learning Outcomes	Applies a blend of the Telemark Skiing Fundamentals to demonstrate specific outcomes in beginner and intermediate terrain.	Uses current PSIA telemark resources to describe elements of ideal performances, addressing the telemark fundamentals separately.	Articulates an accurate cause-and-effect relationship between body and ski performance within any single telemark fundamental in a specific turn phase to offer a relevant prescription for change.
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Practicing the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of snow conditions in beginner and intermediate terrain. Varying terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to help develop the skiing skills required at this level. Off-snow activities, such as watching videos, reading manuals and associated education materials, and cross training to enhance agility, strength, and kinesthetic awareness. Coaching and feedback from a qualified trainer, in both on- and off-snow activities. 	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Coaching from instructor trainers and experienced instructors, in both on- and off-snow activities. Group activities, with instructors performing various tasks and discussing the similarities and differences of each. Analyzing inspirational, highly accurate skiing to better understand ideal applications of the telemark fundamentals. Exploring and practicing how to apply and adjust DIRT (duration, intensity, rate, and timing) to telemark fundamentals, based on task and tactics. Using different types, sizes, adjustments, and purposes of gear in multiple types of terrain and snow conditions. Taking e-learning courses and studying recent PSIA-AASI educational materials in various formats. Attending local, regional, and national education events. 	
Assessment Activities	 Performs Level I assessment activities that can include: Demonstrating the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of situations and snow conditions in terrain up to the intermediate zone. Exploring different applications and tactics as well as various terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to discover if there are better options for any desired outcome. 	 Performs assessment activities that can include: Using the applicable telemark fundamental(s) to describe personal performance and ideal performances of skiing outcomes. Describing characteristics of personal equipment. Discussing biomechanics and physics principles relevant to skiing outcomes and the telemark fundamentals. Taking e-learning courses and written tests that reference PSIA technical material. 	 While watching skiers (student or peer) via video or live action: Identifies a telemark fundamental and describes related ski and body performance in a turn phase. Identifies and describes the cause-and-effect relationship between body and ski performance related to the chosen fundamental. Provides a prescription for a more effective ski and body performance to achieve the objective or activity. Observes a skier's equipment and discusses equipment choices.
Assessment Criteria	 Applies a blend of fundamentals, showing the ability to vary one or more of them through any phase of the turn to: Reproduce specific ski performances with moderate accuracy. Reproduce a selected turn size, shape, and speed. Demonstrate a functional telemark stance and movement. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Describe ideal performances, referencing at least one of the telemark skiing fundamentals in any turn phase in the beginner/novice zone. Reference biomechanics and physics principles relevant to skiing outcomes. Accurately discuss how equipment choices and issues affect performance and safety in the beginner/novice skier zone. Use Level I-specific information from current PSIA resources relative to the desired outcome. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Observe and describe ski and body performance in one fundamental in one phase of the turn. Identify and describe the cause-and-effect relationships between body performance and ski performance for one fundamental in one turn phase. Compare a described performance to the ideal and prescribe a specific change in one fundamental. Observe and describe how equipment choices and issues affect performance and safety.

Level II - Technical Skills

Overview of Technical Skills at Level II Proficiency

Level II instructors ski competently in terrain suitable for skiers in the beginner/novice and intermediate zones, and some low-end advanced terrain. They competently adjust and adapt their skiing in beginner, intermediate, and some advanced-zone terrain to demonstrate to their students. Level II instructors relate the Telemark Skiing Fundamentals (also known as telemark fundamentals) to ski performance through observation, evaluation, and prescription. They identify basic interrelationships of the telemark fundamentals up to some advanced-zone terrain to help students achieve desired performance objectives.

	Skiing Performance	Technical Understanding	Movement Analysis
Learning Outcomes	Adjusts the blend of Telemark Skiing Fundamentals and tactics to demonstrate specific outcomes in intermediate and advanced terrain.	Uses current PSIA resources to describe ideal performances, using two or more telemark fundamentals while considering tactics and equipment choices.	Articulates accurate cause-and-effect relationships of at least two telemark fundamentals through all phases of the turn, resulting in an effective prescription for change.
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Practicing the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of snow conditions in beginner and intermediate terrain. Varying terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to help develop the skiing skills required at this level. Off-snow activities, such as watching video, reading manuals and associated education materials, and cross training to enhance agility, strength, and kinesthetic awareness. Coaching and feedback from a qualified trainer, in both on- and off-snow activities. 	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Coaching from instructor trainers and experienced instructors, in both on- and off-snow activities. Group activities, with instructors performing various tasks and discussing the similarities and differences of each. Analyzing inspirational, highly accurate skiing to better understand more ideal applications of the telemark fundamentals. Exploring how to apply and adjust DIRT (duration, intensity, rate and timing) to fundamentals, based on task and tactics. Exploring different types, sizes, adjustments, and purposes of gear in multiple types of terrain and snow conditions. Studying recent PSIA-AASI educational materials in various formats. Attending local, regional and national education events. 	
Assessment Activities	 Performs Level I and II assessment activities that can include: Demonstrating the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of situations and snow conditions in terrain up to the intermediate zone. Exploring different applications and tactics as well as various terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to discover if there are better options for any desired outcome. 	 Performs assessment activities that can include: Using the applicable telemark fundamental(s) to describe recent personal performance and ideal performances of skiing outcomes. Describing characteristics of personal and student equipment through the intermediate zone. Referencing biomechanics and physics principles relevant to skiing outcomes. Taking e-learning courses and written tests that reference PSIA technical material. 	 While watching skiers (student or peer) via video or live action: Observes and describes the ski and body performance of multiple telemark fundamentals through all phases of the turn. Identifies and describes the cause-and-effect relationship between body and ski performance. Provides a prescription for a more effective application of the telemark fundamentals to achieve the objective or skier's goal. Observes and describes the effects of tactical choices and equipment selection.
Assessment Criteria	 Adjusts a blend of fundamentals with the ability to vary three or more through all phases of the turn to: Demonstrate specific ski performances with high accuracy. Demonstrate a variety of turn sizes, shapes, and speeds as directed and in response to changes in environment. Perform a functional telemark movement that complements the desired ski performance and turn outcome. 	 Consistently demonstrates the ability to: Accurately identify and describe ideal performances, using two or more telemark fundamentals through the intermediate zone. Accurately reference relevant biomechanics and physics principles to describe the skiing outcomes. Accurately discuss how equipment choices and issues affect performance through the intermediate zone. Use information from multiple PSIA-AASI resources in relation to the desired outcome. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Observe and describe ski and body performance, relative to two or more telemark fundamentals in all turn phases and from turn to turn. Identify and describe the cause-and-effect relationships between body performance and ski performance for at least two telemark fundamentals in all turn phases and from turn to turn. Compare the described performance to the ideal and prescribe a specific change to the observed fundamentals to create a more ideal performance. Relate how equipment choice affects skiing outcomes.

Level III - Technical Skills

Overview of Technical Skills at Level III Proficiency

Level III instructors apply all of the Telemark Skiing Fundamentals (also known as telemark fundamentals), with accuracy, to achieve the desired outcome through all terrain suitable for advanced-zone skiers. They adapt ski performance and the application of the fundamentals to illustrate the technical content being delivered in beginner/novice, intermediate, and advanced-zone lessons. They have a working knowledge of current and historic PSIA resources and information. Level III instructors use the telemark fundamentals through observation, evaluation, and prescription to enhance the desired ski performance. They evaluate complex relationships of body and ski performance.

	Skiing Performance	Technical Understanding	Movement Analysis
Learning Outcomes	Adapts a blend of the Telemark Skiing Fundamentals and tactics to generate specific outcomes through the advanced zone.	References current and historic PSIA resources and information to evaluate ideal performances, using the telemark fundamentals and considering tactics and equipment choices.	Describes telemark skiing performances, citing cause-and-effect relationships of multiple telemark fundamentals in all turn phases, resulting in an effective prescription for change.
Learning Experiences	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Practicing the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of snow conditions in all terrain. Varying terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to help develop the skiing skills required at this level. Off-snow activities, such as watching video, reading manuals and associated education materials, and cross training to enhance agility, strength, and kinesthetic awareness. Coaching and feedback from a qualified trainer, in both on- and off snow activities. 	 Benefits from learning experiences that can include: Coaching and feedback from a qualified trainer, in both on- and off snow activities. Group activities, with instructors performing various tasks and discussing the similarities and differences of each. Analyzing inspirational, highly accurate skiing to better understand more ideal applications of the telemark fundamentals. Exploring and practicing how to apply and adjust DIRT (duration, intensity, rate and timing) to telemark fundamentals, based on task and tactics. Exploring different types, sizes, adjustments, and purposes of gear in multiple types of terrain and snow conditions. Studying recent PSIA-AASI educational materials in various formats. Attending local, regional, and national education events. 	
Assessment Activities	 Performs Level I, II, and III assessment activities that can include: Demonstrating the telemark fundamentals in isolation and combination – in a variety of situations and snow conditions in terrain through the advanced zone. Exploring different applications and tactics as well as various terrain, speed, turn shape, turn size, and line to discover if there are better options for any desired outcome. 	 Performs assessment activities that can include: Analyzing personal and ideal performances, referencing the telemark fundamentals, tactical elements, and equipment choices. Using biomechanics and physics principles to explain cause-and-effect relationships between body performance and ski performance, cause-and-effect relationships between the fundamentals, and cause-and- effect relationships between the fundamentals and tactical and/or equipment choices. Taking e-learning courses and written tests and relating personal experience to PSIA technical materials. 	 While watching skiers (student or peer) via video or live action: Describes the ski and body performance of multiple telemark fundamentals through all turn phases. Identifies and describes the cause-and-effect relationship between body and ski performance, and the cause-and-effect relationship between multiple fundamentals. Identifies and describes the effects of tactical and equipment choices on performance. Provides a prescription for a more effective blend of telemark fundamentals and/or tactics to achieve the objective or skier's goal.
Assessment Criteria	 Adapts a blend of all the telemark fundamentals with the ability to vary each through all phases of the turn to: Generate specific ski performances with peak accuracy. Generate a variety of turn sizes, shapes, and speeds – at will and on demand, – while adapting to environmental factors as needed. Perform a dynamic telemark movement that helps create the desired ski performance and turn outcome. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Accurately identify and describe ideal performances, using telemark fundamentals in blended relationships through the advanced zone. Accurately discuss telemark fundamentals, tactical choices and equipment options using relevant biomechanics and physics principles. Accurately compare how equipment choices and issues affect performance through the advanced zone. Accurately compare information from multiple resources (PSIA telemark and other relevant content) relative to personal performance or the desired outcome. 	 Consistently demonstrates their ability to: Accurately observe and describe ski and body performance relative to multiple telemark fundamentals in all turn phases, and from turn to turn. Accurately observe and connect body performance to ski performance in multiple telemark fundamentals in all turn phases, and from turn to turn. Accurately observe and describe the cause-and-effect relationships between multiple telemark fundamentals in all turn phases, and from turn to turn. Compare the observed performance to the ideal and prescribe specific changes and/or blending of the telemark fundamentals, using DIRT (duration, intensity, rate, and timing) to create a more ideal outcome. Evaluate the relationship of a student's tactical choices and equipment selection to a more ideal/ desired outcome.